LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 280

Introduced By: Stuthman, 22

Read first time: January 10, 2007

Committee: Judiciary

A BILL

Section 1. Section 24-517, Revised Statutes Cumulative

- 3 24-517. Each county court shall have the following
- 4 jurisdiction:

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- 5 (1) Exclusive original jurisdiction of all matters relating
- 6 to decedents' estates, including the probate of wills and the
- 7 construction thereof, except as provided in subsection (c) of section
- 8 30-2464 and section 30-2486;

Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

- 9 (2) Exclusive original jurisdiction in all matters relating
- 10 to the guardianship of a person, except if a separate juvenile court
- 11 already has jurisdiction over a child in need of a guardian,
- 12 concurrent original jurisdiction with the separate juvenile court in
- 13 such guardianship;
- 14 (3) Exclusive original jurisdiction of all matters relating
- 15 to conservatorship of any person, including (a) original jurisdiction
- 16 to consent to and authorize a voluntary selection, partition, and
- 17 setoff of a ward's interest in real estate owned in common with others
- and to exercise any right of the ward in connection therewith which
- 19 the ward could exercise if competent and (b) original jurisdiction to
- 20 license the sale of such real estate for cash or on such terms of
- 21 credit as shall seem best calculated to produce the highest price
- 22 subject only to the requirements set forth in section 30-3201;
- 23 (4) Concurrent jurisdiction with the district court to
- 24 involuntarily partition a ward's interest in real estate owned in
- common with others;
- 26 (5) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court
- 27 in all civil actions of any type when the amount in controversy is

forty-five thousand dollars or less through June 30, 2005, and as set by the Supreme Court pursuant to subdivision (b) of this subdivision on and after July 1, 2005.

- (a) When the pleadings or discovery proceedings in a civil action indicate that the amount in controversy is greater than the jurisdictional amount of subdivision (5) of this section, the county court shall, upon the request of any party, certify the proceedings to the district court as provided in section 25-2706. An award of the county court which is greater than the jurisdictional amount of subdivision (5) of this section is not void or unenforceable because it is greater than such amount, however, if an award of the county court is greater than the jurisdictional amount, the county court shall tax as additional costs the difference between the filing fee in district court and the filing fee in county court.
- (b) The Supreme Court shall adjust the jurisdictional amount for the county court every fifth year commencing July 1, 2005. The adjusted jurisdictional amount shall be equal to the then current jurisdictional amount adjusted by the average percentage change in the unadjusted Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Federal Bureau of Labor Statistics for the five-year period preceding the adjustment date. The jurisdictional amount shall be rounded to the nearest one-thousand-dollar amount;
- 23 (6) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court
 24 in any criminal matter classified as a misdemeanor or for any
 25 infraction;
 - (7) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court in domestic relations matters as defined in section 25-2740 and with

1 the district court and separate juvenile court in paternity or

3 (8) Concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court

custody determinations as provided in section 25-2740;

- 4 in matters arising under the Nebraska Uniform Trust Code;
- 5 (9) Exclusive original jurisdiction in any action based on
- 6 violation of a city or village ordinance;
- 7 (10) Exclusive original jurisdiction in juvenile matters in
- 8 counties which have not established separate juvenile courts;
- 9 (11) Exclusive original jurisdiction in matters of adoption,
- 10 except if a separate juvenile court already has jurisdiction over the
- 11 child to be adopted, concurrent original jurisdiction with the
- 12 separate juvenile court; and

- 13 (12) All other jurisdiction heretofore provided and not
- specifically repealed by Laws 1972, Legislative Bill 1032, and such
- other jurisdiction as hereafter provided by law.
- 16 Sec. 2. Section 25-2740, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 17 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 18 25-2740. (1) For purposes of this section:
- 19 (a) Domestic relations matters means proceedings under
- 20 sections 28-311.09 and 28-311.10 (including harassment protection
- 21 orders and valid foreign harassment protection orders), the
- 22 Conciliation Court Law and sections 42-347 to 42-381 (including
- dissolution, separation, annulment, custody, and support), section
- 43-512.04 (including child support or medical support), section 42-924
- 25 (including domestic protection orders), sections 43-1401 to 43-1418
- 26 (including paternity determinations and parental support), and
- 27 sections 43-1801 to 43-1803 (including grandparent visitation); and

1 (b) Paternity <u>or custody</u> determinations means proceedings 2 to establish the paternity of a child under sections 43-1411 to 3 43-1418 <u>or proceedings to determine custody of a child under section</u> 4 42-364.

- (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, in domestic relations matters, a party shall file his or her petition or complaint and all other court filings with the clerk of the district court. The party shall state in the petition or complaint whether such party requests that the proceeding be heard by a county court judge or by a district court judge. If the party requests the case be heard by a county court judge, the county court judge assigned to hear cases in the county in which the matter is filed at the time of the hearing is deemed appointed by the district court and the consent of the county court judge is not required. Such proceeding is considered a district court proceeding, even if heard by a county court judge, and an order or judgment of the county court in a domestic relations matter has the force and effect of a district court judgment. The testimony in a domestic relations matter heard before a county court judge shall be preserved as provided in section 25-2732.
- (3) Until January 1, 2000, upon motion of a party in a contested action brought under subsection (2) of this section, the proceeding shall be transferred from a county court judge to a district court judge.
- (4) In addition to the jurisdiction provided for paternity determinations under subsection (2) of this section, a county court or separate juvenile court which already has jurisdiction over the child whose paternity or custody is to be determined has jurisdiction over

- 1 such paternity or custody determination.
- Sec. 3. Section 43-247, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 3 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 43-247. The juvenile court shall have exclusive original 4 5 jurisdiction as to any juvenile defined in subdivision (1) of this 6 section who is under the age of sixteen, as to any juvenile defined in 7 subdivision (3) of this section, and as to the parties and proceedings provided in subdivisions (5), (6), and (8) of this section. As used in this section, all references to the juvenile's age shall be the age at the time the act which occasioned the juvenile court action occurred. 10 11 The juvenile court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the district court as to any juvenile defined in subdivision (2) of 12 this section. The juvenile court shall have concurrent original 13 14 jurisdiction with the district court and county court as to any 15 juvenile defined in subdivision (1) of this section who is age sixteen 16 or seventeen, any juvenile defined in subdivision (4) of this section, and any proceeding under subdivision (7) or (11) of this section. The 17 18 juvenile court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the county court as to any proceeding under subdivision (9) or (10) of 19 20 this section. Notwithstanding any disposition entered by the juvenile 21 the Nebraska Juvenile Code, the juvenile court's court under 22 jurisdiction over any individual adjudged to be within the provisions 23 of this section shall continue until the individual reaches the age of 24 majority or the court otherwise discharges the individual from its 25 jurisdiction.
 - The juvenile court in each county as herein provided shall have jurisdiction of:

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(1) Any juvenile who has committed an act other than a traffic offense which would constitute a misdemeanor or an infraction under the laws of this state, or violation of a city or village ordinance;

- (2) Any juvenile who has committed an act which would constitute a felony under the laws of this state;
- (3) Any juvenile (a) who is homeless or destitute, without proper support through no fault of his or her parent, guardian, or custodian; who is abandoned by his or her parent, guardian, or custodian; who lacks proper parental care by reason of the fault or habits of his or her parent, guardian, or custodian; whose parent, guardian, or custodian neglects or refuses to provide proper or necessary subsistence, education, or other care necessary for the health, morals, or well-being of such juvenile; whose parent, guardian, or custodian is unable to provide or neglects or refuses to provide special care made necessary by the mental condition of the juvenile; or who is in a situation or engages in an occupation dangerous to life or limb or injurious to the health or morals of such being wayward or habitually juvenile, (b) who, by reason of disobedient, is uncontrolled by his or her parent, quardian, or custodian; who deports himself or herself so as to injure or endanger seriously the morals or health of himself, herself, or others; or who is habitually truant from home or school, or (c) who is mentally ill and dangerous as defined in section 71-908;
 - (4) Any juvenile who has committed an act which would constitute a traffic offense as defined in section 43-245;
- 27 (5) The parent, guardian, or custodian who has custody of

- any juvenile described in this section;
- 2 (6) The proceedings for termination of parental rights as
- 3 provided in the Nebraska Juvenile Code;
- 4 (7) The proceedings for termination of parental rights as
- 5 provided in section 42-364;
- 6 (8) Any juvenile who has been voluntarily relinquished,
- 7 pursuant to section 43-106.01, to the Department of Health and Human
- 8 Services or any child placement agency licensed by the Department of
- 9 Health and Human Services;
- 10 (9) Any juvenile who was a ward of the juvenile court at the
- inception of his or her guardianship and whose guardianship has been
- 12 disrupted or terminated;
- 13 (10) The adoption or guardianship proceedings for a child
- 14 over which the juvenile court already has jurisdiction under another
- provision of the Nebraska Juvenile Code; and
- 16 (11) The paternity or custody determination for a child
- 17 over which the juvenile court already has jurisdiction.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of the Nebraska Juvenile
- 19 Code, the determination of jurisdiction over any Indian child as
- 20 defined in section 43-1503 shall be subject to the Nebraska Indian
- 21 Child Welfare Act; and the district court shall have exclusive
- jurisdiction in proceedings brought pursuant to section 71-510.
- 23 Sec. 4. Original sections 24-517, 25-2740, and 43-247,
- 24 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, are repealed.